Semester Plan: -

Total weeks per semester: 26 weeks semester

Number of weeks per semester for instruction: 20 weeks (40 hours per week x 20 weeks=800 hours)

Number of working days: Minimum of 100 working days (5 days per week x 20 weeks)

Vacation, Holidays, Examination and Preparatory Holidays; 6 weeks

Vacation 3 Weeks

Holidays 1 week

Examination and Preparatory Holidays; 2 Weeks

COURSES OF INSTRUCTION WITH CREDIT STRUCTURE

S. No.	Semester	Course Code	Course/Subject Title	Theory credits	Theory Conta ct hours	Lab/ Skill Lab credits	Lab/ Skill Lab Conta ct hours	Clinic al credi ts	Clinic al Conta ct hours	Total credits	Total (hours)
1	First	ENGL 101	Communicative English	2	40						40
		ANAT 105	Applied Anatomy	3	60						60
		PHYS 110	Applied Physiology	3	60						60
		SOCI 115	Applied Sociology	3	60						60
		PSYC 120	Applied Psychology	3	60						60
		N-NF (I) 125	Nursing Foundation I including First Aid module	6	120	2	80	2	160	10	360
		SSCC (I) 130	Self-study/Co-curricular								40+40
			TOTA L	20	400	2	80	2	160	20+2+ 2= 24	640+80 = 720

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

The distribution of marks in internal assessment, End Semester College Exam, and End Semester University Exam for each course is shown below.

I SEMESTER

S. No.			Ass	sessment (Marks))	
	Course	Internal	End Semester College Exam	End Semester University Exam	Hours	Total Marks
	Theory					
1	Communicative English	25	2 5		2	50
2	Applied Anatomy & Applied Physiology	25		75	3	100
3	Applied Sociology & AppliedPsychology	25		75	3	100
4	Nursing Foundations I	*25				
	Practical	•	•			
5	Nursing Foundations I	*25				

*Will be added to the internal marks of Nursing Foundations II Theory and Practical respectively in the nextsemester (Total weightage remains the same)

Example:

Nursing Foundations Theory: Nursing Foundations I Theory Internal marks in 1^{st} semester will be added to Nursing Foundations II Theory Internal in the 2^{nd} semester and average of the two semesters will be taken.

I. INTRODUCTION OF THE PROGRAM

The B.Sc. nursing degree program is a four-year fulltime program comprising eight semesters, which prepares B.Sc. nursing graduates qualified to practice nursing and midwifery in a variety of settings in either public/government or private healthcare settings. It adopts credit system and semester system as per the Authority guidelines with minor modifications suitable to professional education in a hybrid form. The program encompasses foundational, core and elective courses. The choice-based system is applicable to electives only and is offered in the form of modules. Modular learning is also integrated in the foundational as well as core courses that are mandatory.

The program prepares nurses and midwives for generalist nursing including midwifery practice. Knowledge acquisition related to wellness, health promotion, illness, disease management and care of the dying is core to nursing practice. Mastery of competencies is the main focus. Students are provided with opportunities to learn a whole range of skills in addition to acquiring knowledge related to nursing practice (nursing and midwifery). This is achieved through learning in skill lab/simulated lab and clinical environment. Simulation will be integrated throughout the curriculum wherever feasible to enable them to develop competencies before entry into real field of practice.

The revised curriculum embraces competency-based and outcome-based approach throughout the program integrating mastery learning and self-directed learning. Transformational and relationship based educational approaches are emphasized. Through the educational process the students assimilate and synthesize knowledge, cultivate critical thinking skills and develop care strategies. Competencies that reflect practice standards of the Council address the areas of cultural diversity, communication technology, teamwork and collaboration, safety, quality, therapeutic interventions and evidence- based practice. They are prepared to provide safe and competent care to patients across life span and influence patient outcomes.

I. PHILOSOPHY

The Council believes that:

Health and wellness are two fundamental concepts that are integrated throughout the program. Health is a state of well- being that encompasses physical, psychological, social, economic and spiritual dimensions. Wellness is the individual's perception of wellness and is influenced by the presence of disease and individual's ability to adapt. Health is a right of all people. Individuals have a right to be active participants in achieving health as they perceive it. Society consists of dynamic and interactive systems involving individuals, families, groups and communities. Cultural diversity, race, caste, creed, socio economic levels, religion, lifestyles, changes in environment and political factors influence it. Nurses and midwives recognize and respect human differences and diversity of population within society and provide ethical care with respect and dignity and protect their rights.

Nursing as a profession and a discipline utilizes knowledge derived from arts, sciences (physical, biological and behavioral), humanities and human experience. Nursing science incorporates clinical competence, critical thinking, communication, teaching learning, professionalism, and caring and cultural competency. Nurses collaborate with other health disciplines to solve individual and community health problems. Nursing facilitates evidence-based practice, compassionate caring among its practitioners in response to emerging issues in healthcare and new discoveries and technologies in profession. Nursing practice requires personal commitment to professional development and life-long learning.

Scope of nursing and midwifery practice encompasses provision of promotive, preventive, curative and rehabilitative aspects of care to people across the life span in a wide variety of healthcare settings. Nursing practice is based on acquisition of knowledge, understanding, attitude, competencies and skills through the Council's curricular and practice standards. The competencies in which the students are trained will guide them in performing their scope of practice. Nursing offers qualified nurses and midwives a wealth of opportunities in the field of practice, education, management and research in India and overseas.

The undergraduate nursing program is broad based education within an academic curricular framework specifically directed to the development of critical thinking skills, competencies appropriate to human and professional values. Blended learning approach comprising of experiential learning, reflective learning, scenario based learning and simulated learning is also inbuilt. The teaching learning process encourages mastery learning, modular, self-directed and self-accountable in choice making in terms of elective courses. The program prepares its graduates to become exemplary citizens by adhering to code of ethics and professional conduct at all times in fulfilling personal, social and professional obligations so as to respond to national aspirations. Health and community orientation are provided with special emphasis on national health problems, national health programs and national health policy directives to achieve universal health care for all citizens of India. The main roles of graduates would be provider of care with beginning proficiency in delivering safe care, coordinator/manager of care by being active participant of inter-professional team and member of a profession demonstrating self-responsibility and accountability for practice as well as to support the profession.

The faculty has the responsibility to be role models and create learning environment that facilitates cultivation of critical thinking, curiosity, creativity and inquiry driven self- directed learning and attitude of life-long learning in students. Learners and educators interact in a process whereby students gain competencies required to function within their scope of practice.

II. AIMS & OBJECTIVES

AIMS

The aims of the undergraduate program are to

- a. Produce knowledgeable competent nurses and midwives with clear critical thinking skills who are caring, motivated, assertive and well-disciplined responding to the changing needs of profession, healthcare delivery system and society.
- b. Prepare them to assume responsibilities as professional, competent nurses and midwives in providing promotive, preventive, curative and rehabilitative healthcare services in any healthcare setting.
- c. Prepare nurses and midwives who can make independent decisions in nursing situations within the scope of practice, protect the rights of individuals and groups and conduct research in the areas of nursing practice and apply evidence-based practice.
- d. Prepare them to assume role of practitioner, teacher, supervisor and manager in all healthcare settings.

OBJECTIVES

On completion of the B.Sc. Nursing program, the B.Sc. nursing graduates will be able to

- 1. Utilize critical thinking to synthesize knowledge derived from physical, biological, behavioral sciences, and humanities, in the practice of professional nursing and midwifery.
- 2.Practice professional nursing and midwifery competently and safely in diverse settings, utilizing caring, critical thinking and therapeutic nursing interventions with individuals, families, populations and communities at any developmental stage and with varied lived health experiences.
- 3. Provide promotive, preventive and restorative health services in line with national health policies and programs.
- 4.Integrate professional caring into practice decisions that encompass values, ethical, and moral and legal aspects of nursing.
- 5. Respect the dignity, worth, and uniqueness of self and others.
- 6.Apply concepts of leadership, autonomy and management to the practice of nursing and midwifery to enhance quality and safety in health care.

- 7. Utilize the latest knowledge and skills related to information and technology to enhance patient outcomes.
- 8. Communicate effectively with patients, peers, and all health care providers.
- 9.Utilize the requisite knowledge, skills and technologies to practice independently and collaboratively with all health professionals applying the principles of safety and quality improvement.
- 10. Integrate research findings and nursing theory in decision making in evidence-based practice.
- 11. Accept responsibility and accountability for the effectiveness of one's own nursing and midwifery practice and professional growth as a learner, clinician and leader.
- 12. Participate in the advancement of the profession to improve health care for the betterment of the global society.

2. CURRICULUM IMPLEMENTATION: OVERALL PLAN

Duration of the program: 8 semesters

1-7 Semesters

One Semester Plan for the first 7 Semesters

Total Weeks per Semester: 26 weeks per semester

Number of Weeks per Semester for instruction: 20 weeks (40 hours per week \times 20 weeks = 800

hours) Number of Working Days: Minimum of 100 working days (5 days per week × 20

weeks)

Vacation, Holidays, Examination and Preparatory

Holidays: 6 weeks

Vacation: 3 weeks

Holidays: 1 week

Examination and Preparatory Holidays: 2 weeks

8th Semester

One semester: 22 weeks

Vacation: 1 week Holidays: 1 week

Examination and Preparatory Holidays: 2 weeks

3. COURSES OF INSTRUCTION WITH CREDIT STRUCTURE

S.No	Semester	Course Code	Course/Subject Title	Theor y credits	Theory Conta ct hours	Lab/ Skill Lab credits	Lab/ Skill Lab Conta ct hours	Clinic al credi ts	Clinic al Conta ct hours	Total credits	Total (hours)
1	First	ENGL 101	Communicative English	2	40						40
	-	ANAT 105	Applied Anatomy	3	60						60
		PHYS 110	Applied Physiology	3	60						60
		SOCI 115	Applied Sociology	3	60						60
	-	PSYC 120	Applied Psychology	3	60						60
		* *	Nursing Foundation I including First Aid module	6	120	2	80	2	160	10	360
	-	SSCC (I) 130	Self-study/Co-curricular								40+40
			TOTAL	20	400	2	80	2	160	20+2+ 2= 24	640+80 = 720

2	Second	BIOC 135	Applied Biochemistry	2	40						40
		NUTR 140	Applied Nutrition and Dietetics	3	60						60
			Nursing Foundation II including Health Assessment module	6	120	3	120	4	320		560
			Health/Nursing Informatics & Technology	2	40	1	40				80
	SSCC(II) 130 Self-study/Co-curricular									40+20	
			TOTAL	13	260	4	160	4	320	13+4+ 4=21	740+60 = 800

4. SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

The distribution of marks in internal assessment, End Semester College Exam, and End Semester University Exam for each course is shown below.

I SEMESTER

S.No.	Course	Assessment (Marks)								
		Internal	End Semester College Exam	End Semester University Exam	Hours	Total Mark s				
	Theory									
1	Communicative English	25	25		2	50				
2	Applied Anatomy & Applied Physiology	25		75	3	100				
3	Applied Sociology & AppliedPsychology	25		75	3	100				
4	Nursing Foundations I	*25								
	Practical	•	•	•	•					
5	Nursing Foundations I	*25								

*Will be added to the internal marks of Nursing Foundations II Theory and Practical respectively in the next semester (Total weightage remains the same) Example:

Nursing Foundations Theory: Nursing Foundations I Theory Internal marks in 1^{st} semester will be added to Nursing Foundations II Theory Internal in the 2^{nd} semester and average of the two semesters will be taken.

II SEMESTER

S.No.	Course	Assessment (Marks)							
		Internal	End Semester College Exam	End Semester University Exam	Hours	Total Mark s			
	Theory								
1	Applied Biochemistry and Applied Nutrition & Dietetics	25		75	3	100			
2	Nursing Foundations (I & II)	25 I Sem-25 & II Sem-25 (with average ofboth)		75	3	100			
3	Health/Nursing Informatics &Technology	25	25		2	50			
	Practical								
4	Nursing Foundations (I & II)	50 I Sem-25 & II Sem-25		50		100			

VII. ASSESSMENT GUIDELINES

1. Grading of Performance

Based on the performance, each student shall be awarded a final grade at the end of the semester for each course.

Absolute grading is used by converting the marks to grade, based on predetermined class intervals.

UGC 10 point grading system is used with pass grade modified.

Letter grade	Grade point	Percentage of marks
O (Outstanding)	10	100%
A+ (Excellent)	9	90-99.99%
A (Very Good)	8	80-89.99%
B+ (Good)	7	70-79.99%
B (Above Average)	6	60-69.99%
C (Average)	5	50-59.99%
P (Pass)	4	40-49.99%
F (Fail)	0	

For Nursing Courses and all other courses – Pass is at C Grade (5 grade point) 50% and above For English and electives – Pass is at P Grade (4 grade point) 40% and above

Computation of Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) and Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA)

SPGA is the weighted average of the grade points obtained in all courses by the student during the semester (All courses excluding English and electives)

Ex. SGPA Computation

Course Number	Credit /s	Letter grade	Grade point	Credit point (Credit × grade)
1	3 (C1)	A	8 (G1)	$3 \times 8 = 24$
2	4 (C2)	B+	7 (G2)	$4 \times 7 = 28$

3	3 (C3)	В	6 (G3)	$3 \times 6 = 18$

$$SGPA = \frac{C1G1 + C2G2 + C3G3}{C1 + C2 + C3} = \frac{70}{10} = 7 \text{ (rounded off to two decimal points)}$$

SYLLABUS

COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER **THEORY:** 2 Credits (40 hours)

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to enable students to enhance their ability to speak and write the language (and use English) required for effective communication in their professional work. Students will practice their skills in verbal and written English during clinical and classroom experience.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify the significance of Communicative English for healthcare professionals.
- 2. Apply the concepts and principles of English Language use in professional development such as pronunciation, vocabulary, grammar, paraphrasing, voice modulation, Spelling, pause and silence.
- 3. Demonstrate attentive listening in different hypothetical situations.
- 4. Converse effectively, appropriately and timely within the given context and the individual or team they are communicating with either face to face or by other means.
- 5. Read, interpret and comprehend content in text, flow sheet, framework, figures, tables, reports, anecdotes etc.
- 6. Analyse the situation and apply critical thinking strategies.
- 7. Enhance expressions through writing skills.
- 8. Apply LSRW (Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing) Skill in combination to learn, teach, educate and share information, ideas and results.

COURSE OUTLINE

T - Theory

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
Ι	3 (T)	Identify the significance of communicative English	What is communication? What are communication roles of listeners, speakers, readers and writers as healthcare professionals?	 Definitions with examples, illustrations and explanations Identifying competencies/communicative strategies in LSRW Reading excerpts on the above and interpreting them through tasks 	Checking for understanding through tasks

II	5 (T)	Describe concepts	Introduction to LSRGW	• Exercises on	• Through _check
		and principles of Language (English) use in professional development such as pronunciation, vocabulary, grammar, paraphrasing, voice modulation, spelling, pause and silence	 L – Listening: Different types of listening S – Speaking: Understanding Consonants, Vowels, Word and Sentence Stress, Intonation R – Reading: Medical vocabulary, Gr – Grammar: Understanding tenses, linkers W – Writing simple sentences and short paragraphs – emphasis on correct grammar 	listening to news, announcements, telephone conversations and instructions from others Information on fundamentals of Speech – Consonant, Vowel, Stress and Intonation with tasks based on these through audio/video and texts Reading a medical dictionary/ glossary of medical terms with matching exercises Information on tenses and basic concepts of correct grammar through fill in the blanks, true/false questions	your understanding' exercises

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
III	5 (T)	Demonstrate attentive listening in different hypothetical situations	Attentive Listening Focusing on listening in different situations – announcements, descriptions, narratives, instructions, discussions, demonstrations Reproducing Verbatim Listening to academic talks/ lectures Listening to presentation	Listening to announcements, news, documentaries with tasks based on listening With multiple choice, Yes/No and fill in the blank activities	 Checking individually against correct answers Listening for specific information Listening for overall meaning and instructions Listening to attitudes and opinions Listening to audio, video and identify key points
IV	9 (T)	Converse effectively, appropriately and timely within the given context and the individual or team they are communicating with either face to face or other means	 Speaking – Effective Conversation Conversation situations – informal, formal and neutral Factors influencing way of speaking – setting, topic, social relationship, attitude and language Greetings, introductions, requesting, asking for and giving permission, speaking personally and casual conversations Asking for information, giving instructions and directions Agreeing and disagreeing, giving opinions Describing people, places, events and things, narrating, reporting & reaching conclusions Evaluating and comparing Complaints and suggestions Telephone conversations Delivering presentations 	 Different types of speaking activities related to the content Guided with prompts and free discussions Presentation techniques Talking to peers and other adults. Talking to patients and Patient attenders Talking to other healthcare professionals Classroom conversation Scenario based learning tasks 	 Individual and group/peer assessment through live speaking tests Presentation of situation in emergency and routine Handoff Reporting in doctors/nurses' rounds Case presentation Face to face oral communication Speaking individually (Nurse to nurse/patient/ doctor) and to others in the group Telephonic talking
V	5 (T)	Read, interpret and comprehend content in text, flow sheet, framework, figures, tables, reports, anecdotes	 Reading Reading strategies, reading notes and messages Reading relevant articles and news items Vocabulary for everyday activities, abbreviations and medical vocabulary Understanding visuals, graphs, figures and notes on instructions 	Detailed tasks and exercises on reading for information, inference and evaluation Vocabulary games and puzzles for medical lexis	 Reading/ summarizing/ justifying answers orally Patient document Doctor's prescription of care Journal/news

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Reading reports and interpreting them Using idioms and phrases, spotting errors, vocabulary for presentations Remedial Grammar 	Grammar activities	reading and interpretation Notes/Reports
VI	5 (T)	Enhance expressions through writing skills	 Writing Skills Writing patient history Note taking Summarising Anecdotal records Letter writing Diary/Journal writing Report writing Paper writing skills Abstract writing 	 Writing tasks with focus on task fulfilment, coherence and cohesion, appropriate vocabulary and correct grammar Guided and free tasks Different kinds of letter writing tasks 	 Paper based assessment by the teacher/ trainer against set band descriptors Presentation of situation Documentation Report writing Paper writing skills Verbatim reproducing Letter writing Resume/CV
VII	8 (T)	Apply LSRW Skill in combination to learn, teach, educate and share information, ideas and results	 LSRW Skills Critical thinking strategies for listening and reading Oral reports, presentations Writing instructions, letters and reports Error analysis regarding LSRW 	 Valuating different options/multiple answers and interpreting decisions through situational activities Demonstration – individually and in groups Group Discussion Presentation Role Play Writing reports 	Consolidated assessment orally and through written tasks/exercises

Books Recommended

- 1. Living English Grammar & Composition Tickoo M.L. & Subramanian A.E, Oriental Longman, New Delhi.
- 2. English for practical purposes Valke, Thorat Patil & Merchant, Macmillan Publication, New Delhi.
- 3. Enriching your competence in English, by Thorat, Valke, Orient Publication, Pune
- 4. English Grammar & Composition Wren & Martin, S. Chand Publications-2005, Delhi.
- 5.Selva Rose, Carrier English for Nurses, 1st edition -1999, published by Orient Long man Pvt. Ltd. 1997, Chennai.

Suggested Assessment/ Evaluation Methods <u>EXAMINATION SCHEME</u>

S.No.	Course/Subject Title	Internal	End Semester College Exam	End Semester University Exam	Hours	Total Marks
1.	Communicative English	25	25		2	50

EVALUATION: INTERNAL ASSESSMENT

S.No.	Name of the Course	Continuous Assessment	Sessional Theory/ Practical Exams	Total Marks
1.	Communicative	10	15	25
	English			

	Scheme of Internal Assessment of th	neory out of 25	marks		
Sr.	Theory	Quantity	Marks	Round	Final
No				off	Round off
					IA
1.	Class Test I		50 marks	30	Out of 15
2.	Class Test II		75	30	
			Marks		
3.	Written Assignment	2	50	10	
4.	Seminar/Microteaching/individual presentation	2	50	12	Out of 10
5.	Group project/Work/Report	1	50	6	
6	Attendance	,	marks, 90-94: 5-89: 1 mark, k, <80: 0)	2	
	Total		255		25
(Marks of each component to be rounded of the respective					
columns marks and the final IA need to be calculated out of 25					
(15+1	10).				

APPLIED ANATOMY

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER

THEORY: 3 Credits (60 hours)

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to assists student to recall and further acquire the knowledge of the normal structure of human body, identify alteration in anatomical structure with emphasis on clinical application to practice nursing.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe anatomical terms.
- 2. Explain the general and microscopic structure of each system of the body.
- 3. Identify relative positions of the major body organs as well as their general anatomic locations.
- 4. Explore the effect of alterations in structure.
- 5. Apply knowledge of anatomic structures to analyze clinical situations and therapeutic applications.

COURSE OUTLINE

T – Theory

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	8 (T)	Define the terms relative to the anatomical position	Introduction to anatomical terms and organization of the human body • Introduction to anatomical terms relative to position – anterior, ventral, posterior dorsal, superior, inferior, median, lateral, proximal, distal, superficial, deep, prone, supine, palmar and plantar	 Lecture cum Discussion Use of models Video 	 Quiz MCQ Short answer
		Describe the anatomical planes	Anatomical planes (axial/ transverse/ horizontal, sagittal/vertical plane and coronal/frontal/oblique plane)	Use of microscopic slides	
		Define and describe the terms used to describe movements	Movements (flexion, extension, abduction, adduction, medial rotation, lateral rotation, inversion, eversion, supination, pronation, plantar flexion, dorsal flexion and circumduction	Lecture cum Discussion	
			Cell structure, Cell division	Video/Slides	

		Organization of human body and structure of cell, tissues membranes and glands Describe the types of cartilage	 Tissue – definition, types, characteristics, classification, location Membrane, glands – classification and structure Identify major surface and bony landmarks in each body region, Organization of human body Hyaline, fibro cartilage, elastic cartilage Features of skeletal, smooth and cardiac muscle Application and implication in nursing 	• Anatomical Torso	
		Compare and contrast the features of skeletal, smooth and cardiac muscle	1 approximation and improving in the state of the state o		
II	6 (T)	Describe the structure of respiratory system	The Respiratory system • Structure of the organs of respiration	Lecture cum DiscussionModels	Short answerObjective type
		Identify the muscles of respiration and examine their contribution to the mechanism of breathing	 Muscles of respiration Application and implication in nursing	• Video/Slides	

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
III	6 (T)	Describe the structure of digestive system	 The Digestive system Structure of alimentary canal and accessory organs of digestion Application and implications in nursing 	 Lecture cum Discussion Video/Slides Anatomical Torso 	Short answerObjective type
IV	6 (T)	Describe the structure of circulatory and lymphatic system.	 The Circulatory and Lymphatic system Structure of blood components, blood vessels Arterial and Venous system Position of heart relative to the associated structures Chambers of heart, layers of heart Heart valves, coronary arteries Nerve and blood supply to heart Lymphatic tissue Veins used for IV injections Application and implication in nursing 	LectureModelsVideo/Slides	Short answerMCQ
V	4 (T)	Identify the major endocrine glands and describe the structure of endocrine Glands	 The Endocrine system Structure of Hypothalamus, Pineal Gland, Pituitary gland, Thyroid, Parathyroid, Thymus, Pancreas and Adrenal glands 	LectureModels/charts	Short answerObjective type
VI	4 (Describe the structure of various sensory organs	 The Sensory organs Structure of skin, eye, ear, nose and tongue Application and implications in nursing 	 Lecture Explain with Video/ models/charts 	Short answerMCQ

VII	10 (T)	Describe anatomical	The Musculoskeletal system:	• Review –	Short answer
		position and structure of bones and joints	TDI CLIAI A	discussion • Lecture	Objective type
		Identify major bones that make up the axial	The Skeletal systemAnatomical positions	DiscussionsExplain using phorts challenge	
		and appendicular skeleton	Bones – types, structure, growth and ossification	charts, skeleton and loose bones and torso	
		Classify the joints	Axial and appendicular skeleton	• Identifying muscles involved in nursing	
		Identify the application and implications in nursing	Joints – classification, major joints and structure	procedures in lab	
		Describe the structure of muscle	Application and implications in nursing		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		Apply the knowledge in performing nursing procedures/skills	 The Muscular system Types and structure of muscles Muscle groups – muscles of the head, neck, thorax, abdomen, pelvis, upper limb and lower limbs Principal muscles – deltoid, biceps, triceps, respiratory, abdominal, pelvic floor, pelvic floor muscles, gluteal muscles and vastus lateralis Major muscles involved in nursing procedures 		
VIII	` /	Describe the structure of renal system	The Renal system • Structure of kidney, ureters, bladder, urethra • Application and implication in nursing	LectureModels/charts	MCQ Short answer

IX	, ,	Describe the structure of reproductive system	 The Reproductive system Structure of male reproductive organs Structure of female reproductive organs Structure of breast 	LectureModels/charts	MCQ Short answer
X	6 (T)	Describe the structure of nervous system including the distribution of the nerves, nerve plexuses Describe the ventricular system	 The Nervous system Review Structure of neurons CNS, ANS and PNS (Central, autonomic and peripheral) Structure of brain, spinal cord, cranial nerves, spinal nerves, peripheral nerves, functional areas of cerebral cortex Ventricular system – formation, circulation, and drainage Application and implication in nursing 	 Lecture Explain with models Video slides 	MCQ Short answer

Note: Few lab hours can be planned for visits, observation and handling(less than 1 credit lab hours are not specified separately)

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- 10.T Clenister and Jean Rosy (1974). "Anatomy and Physiology for Nurses" 2 nd Edition, William Hernmarni Medical BK. Ltd.

Suggested Assessment/ Evaluation Methods

S	Scheme of Internal Assessment of the	eory out of 25	marks		
Sr.	Theory	Quantity	Marks	Round	Final
No				off	Round off
					IA
1.	Class Test I		50 marks	30	Out of 15
2.	Class Test II		75	30	
			Marks		
3.	Written Assignment	2	50	10	
4.	Seminar/Microteaching/individual presentation	2	50	12	Out of 10
5.	Group project/Work/Report	1	50	6	
6	Attendance	,	marks, 90-94: 5-89: 1 mark, k, <80: 0)	2	
(Marks of each component to be rounded of the respective					
colun	nns marks and the final IA need to				
(15+1	0).				

EVALUATION PERFORMA FOR WRITTEN ASSIGNMENT Name of student: -Name of evaluator: -Mark: 10 SR.NO CRITERIA MARK ALLOTTED MARK OBTAINED Format 03 2 Objective 02 3 02 Setting 4 Bibliography 01 5 Summary and Evaluation 02 Total 10 Remarks:_____

SIGN OF STUDENT

EVALUATION PERFORMA FOR SEMINAR/ MICROTEACHING/ INDIVIDUAL PRESENTATION

Name	of topic:		Dota
Name	of evaluator:		Date:
Name	of student:		
Group	: :		
Sr no.	Criteria	Marks Allotted	Marks Obtained
1	Introduction	01	
	Organization of Content	01	
3	Presentation of topic	01	
4	Relevant examples	01	
5	Relevant statistical data	01	
	Group participation	01	
6 7	AV Aids	01	
8	Use of Modern technology	01	
9	Physical facilities	01	
10	Personal Appearance and Mannerisms	01	
11	Voice & Clarity	01	
12	References	01	
	TOTAL	12	
	al Remarks of the Teacher:		
•••••			•••••
Remai	rks for Improvement:		

SIGNATURE OF STUDENT

SIGNATURE OF EVALUATOR

EVALUATION PERFORMA FOR GROUP PROJECT/WORK/REPORT

Name of Student: -		
Name of Evaluator: -		

Mark: 06

SR.NO	CRITERIA	MARK ALLOTTED	MARK OBTAINED
1	Organization	01	
2	Adequacy of content	01	
3	Neatness	01	
4	Presentation	02	
5	Summary and Evaluation	01	
	Total	06	

Remarks:		 	

SIGN OF STUDENT

EVALUATION PERFORMA FOR CLINICAL PRESENTATION

Name of student :-	
Name of evaluator :-	

Mark: 10

SR.NO	CRITERIA	MARK ALLOTTED	MARK OBTAINED
1	Format	02	
2	Objective	01	
3	Setting	01	
4	A.V Aids	01	
5	Communication skills	02	
6	Bibliography	01	
7	Summary and Evaluation	02	
	Total	10	

Remarks:		

SIGN OF STUDENT

EVALUATION PERFORMA FOR DRUG PRESENTATION AND REPORT

Name of Student: -		
Name of Evaluator: -		

Mark: 10

SR.NO	CRITERIA	MARK ALLOTTED	MARK OBTAINED
1	Content	02	
2	Organization	02	
3	Nursing responsibility	02	
4	Resource used	01	
5	Completeness	01	
6	Neatness	01	
7	Bibliography	01	
	Total	10	

Remarks:		

SIGN OF STUDENT

EVALUATION PERFORMA FOR CASE STUDY REPORT

Name o	of evaluator: -		
			Mark: 1
SR.NO	CRITERIA	MARK ALLOTTED	MARK OBTAINED
1	Assessment/Introduction	01	
2	Knowledge and Understanding of Disease	02	
3	Nursing Care Plan	02	
4	Discharge plan	01	
5	Prognosis	01	
6	Summary and Evaluation	02	
7	Bibliography	01	
	Total	10	

SIGN OF STUDENT

CLINICAL EVALUATION PERFORMA

Name of the student:
Year:
Subject:
Area of clinical experience:
Duration of posting in weeks:
Name of the supervisor:

Total Marks: - 10

Scores:- 5 = Excellent, 4 = Very good, 3 = Good, 2 = Satisfactory / fair, 1 = Poor

Sr.No.	EVALUATION CRITERIA	MARKS ALLOTTED	MARKS OBTAINED
I.	Personal & Professional behavior 1. Wears clean & neat uniform and well groomed. 2. Arrives and leaves punctually. 3. Demonstrates understanding of the need for quietness in speech & manner & protects the patient from undue notice. 4. Influential & displaced persuasive assertive leadership behavior	02	
II.	 Attitude to Co-workers and patients Works well as member of nursing team. Gives assistance to other in clinical situations. Understands the patient as an individual. Shows skills in gaining the confidence & cooperation of patients and relatives, tactful and considerate. 	02	
III.	 Application of knowledge Possess sound knowledge of medical surgical conditions. Has sound knowledge of scientific principles. Able to correlate theory with practice. 	02	

	 4. Has knowledge of current treatment modalities inclusive of medicine, surgery, pharmacology and dietetics. 5. Takes interest in new learning from current literature & seeks help from resourceful people. 		
	Nursing Process 1. Assessment and Nursing Diagnosis 2. Planning 3. Implementation 4. Evaluation 5. Documentation	02	
IV.	 Quality of clinical skill Identifies problems & sets priorities and grasps essentials while performing duties. Applies principles in carrying out procedures& carries out duties promptly. Has technical competence in performing nursing procedures. Resourceful and practices economy of time material and energy. Observes carefully, reports & records signs & symptoms & other relevant information. Uses opportunities to give health education to patients & relatives 	02	
	Grant Total	10	

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~ -		_	_
Stud	ent's	Rem	ark.

Signature of the student

Signature of the teacher

EVALUATION PERFORMA FOR OSCE

Name o	f Student: -		
Name o	f Evaluator: -		
			Mark: 05
SR.NO	CRITERIA	MARK ALLOTTED	MARK OBTAINED
SK.NO	CKITERIA	MARK ALLOTTED	WARK ODIAINED
1	T1 ('C' 11 0 (''')	0.1	
1	Identifies problems & sets priorities	01	
2	Applies Scientific principles	01	
3	Competence in performing Nursing procedures.	01	
4	Resourceful and practices economy of time material and energy.	01	
5	Recording and Reporting	01	
6	Uses opportunities to give health education to		
-	patients & relatives		
	Total	05	

Remarks:		

SIGN OF STUDENT

COMPLETION OF PROCEDUREAND CLINICAL REQUIREMENT

Year: -	·		
Subjec	t:		
Area o	f clinical experience:		
Durati	on of posting in weeks:		
Name (of the supervisor:		
			Total Marks: - 03
Sr. No.	EVALUATION CRITERIA	MARKS ALLOTTED	MARKS OBTAINED
I.	Personal & Professional behavior	0.5	
II.	Attitude to Co-workers and patients	0.5	
III.	Application of knowledge	0.5	
IV.	Quality of clinical skill	1.5	
	Total		
Remar	ks for Improvement:		

Signature of the Teacher

Student's Remark:

Signature of the Student

APPLIED PHYSIOLOGY

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER **THEORY:** 3 Credits (60 hours)

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to assists student to acquire comprehensive knowledge of the normal functions of the organ systems of the human body to facilitate understanding of physiological basis of health, identify alteration in functions and provide the student with the necessary physiological knowledge to practice nursing.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Develop understanding of the normal functioning of various organ systems of the body.
- 2. Identify the relative contribution of each organ system towards maintenance of homeostasis.
- 3. Describe the effect of alterations in functions.
- 4. Apply knowledge of physiological basis to analyze clinical situations and therapeutic applications.

COURSE OUTLINE

T – Theory

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	4 (T)	Describe the physiology of cell, tissues, membranes and glands	 General Physiology – Basic concepts Cell physiology including transportation across cell membrane Body fluid compartments, Distribution of total body fluid, intracellular and extracellular compartments, major electrolytes and maintenance of homeostasis Cell cycle Tissue – formation, repair Membranes and glands – functions Application and implication in nursing 	• Lecture cum Discussion	 Quiz MCQ Short answer
II	6 (T)	Describe the physiology and mechanism of respiration	Respiratory systemFunctions of respiratory organsPhysiology of respiration	LectureVideo slides	EssayShort answerMCQ

1	l	İ	1	İ	İ
		Identify the	Pulmonary circulation – functional features		
		muscles of respiration and	Pulmonary ventilation, exchange of gases		
		examine their contribution to the	Carriage of oxygen and carbon-dioxide, Exchange of gases in tissue		
		mechanism of breathing	Regulation of respiration		
			Hypoxia, cyanosis, dyspnea, periodic breathing		
			Respiratory changes during exercise		
			Application and implication in nursing		
III	8 (T)	Describe the	Digestive system	Lecture cum	• Essay
		functions of digestive system	• Functions of the organs of digestive tract	Discussion	Short answer
			Saliva – composition, regulation of secretion and functions of saliva	Video slides	• MCQ
			Composition and function of gastric juice, mechanism and regulation of gastric secretion		
			Composition of pancreatic juice, function, regulation of pancreatic secretion		
			• Functions of liver, gall bladder and pancreas		
			Composition of bile and function		
			Secretion and function of small and large intestine		
			Movements of alimentary tract		
			• Digestion in mouth, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, absorption of food		
			Application and implications in nursing		
IV	6 (T)	Explain the	Circulatory and Lymphatic system	• Lecture	Short answer
		functions of the	• Functions of heart, conduction system,		
Unit		Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		heart, and	cardiac cycle, Stroke volume and cardiac	• Discussion	• MCQ
		physiology of circulation	output	Video/Slides	
			Blood pressure and Pulse		
			Circulation – principles, factors influencing blood pressure, pulse		
			Coronary circulation, Pulmonary and systemic circulation		
			• Heart rate – regulation of heart rate		
			Normal value and variations		
			Cardiovascular homeostasis in exercise		

	and posture	
	Application and implication in nursing	

V	5 (T)	Describe the	Blood	• Lecture	• Essay
		composition and functions of blood	Blood – Functions, Physical characteristics	• Discussion	• Short answer
			Formation of blood cells	• Videos	• MCQ
			• Erythropoiesis – Functions of RBC, RBC life cycle		
			• WBC – types, functions		
			Platelets – Function and production of platelets		
			Clotting mechanism of blood, clotting time, bleeding time, PTT		
			Hemostasis – role of vasoconstriction, platelet plug formation in hemostasis, coagulation factors, intrinsic and extrinsic pathways of coagulation		
			Blood groups and types		
			Functions of reticuloendothelial system, immunity		
			Application in nursing		
VI	5 (T)	Identify the major	The Endocrine system	• Lecture	Short answer
		endocrine glands and describe their functions	 Functions and hormones of Pineal Gland, Pituitary gland, Thyroid, Parathyroid, Thymus, Pancreas and Adrenal glands. 	Explain using charts	• MCQ
			Other hormones		
			Alterations in disease		
			Application and implication in nursing		
VII	4 (T)	Describe the	The Sensory Organs	• Lecture	• Short answer
		structure of various sensory	• Functions of skin	• Video	• MCQ
		organs	Vision, hearing, taste and smell		
			Errors of refraction, aging changes		
			Application and implications in nursing		
VIII	6 (T)	Describe the functions of	Musculoskeletal system	Lecture	Structured essay

U	nit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods

bones, joints, various types of muscles, its special properties and nerves supplying them
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IX	4 (T)	Describe the	Renal system	• Lecture	Short answer
		physiology of renal system	Functions of kidney in maintaining homeostasis	Charts and models	• MCQ
			• GFR		
			Functions of ureters, bladder and urethra		
			Micturition		
			Regulation of renal function		
			Application and implication in nursing		
X	4 (T)	Describe the structure of reproductive system	The Reproductive system • Female reproductive system – Menstrual cycle, function and hormones of ovary, oogenesis, fertilization, implantation, Functions of breast	LectureExplain using charts, models, specimens	Short answerMCQ
			• Male reproductive system – Spermatogenesis, hormones and its functions, semen		
			Application and implication in providing nursing care		

XI 8 (T) Describe the functions of brain, physiology of nerve stimulus, reflexes, cranial and spinal nerves Nerve impulse Review functions of Brain-Medull Cerebrum, Cerebellum Sensory and Motor Nervous system Peripheral Nervous system Autonomic Nervous system Limbic system and higher mental I Hippocampus, Thalamus, Hypothat Vestibular apparatus Functions of cranial nerves Autonomic functions Physiology of Pain-somatic, viscen referred	• MCQ • Critical reflection Em Functions- halamus
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Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Reflexes CSF formation, composition, circulation of CSF, blood brain barrier and blood CSF barrier Application and implication in nursing 		

Note: Few lab hours can be planned for visits, observation and handling(less than 1 credit lab hours are not specified separately)

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- 1. Waugh, Anne (2003), "Ross & Wilson's Anatomy & Physiology in health & illness" 10th ed., Churchill Livingstone.
- 2. Anthony & Thibodcon (2000), "Anatomy & Physiology for nurses" 11th ed., C.V. Mosby Co., London.
- 3. Greig, Rhind, "Riddle's Anatomy & Physiology", 7th ed., Churchill Livingstone.
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- 6. Chaurasia, B.D. (2004), "Human Anatomy", 4th ed., CBS publishers.
- 7. Sembulingam, "Essentials of Medical Physiology," 3rd Edition 2004 J.P. Publications.
- 8. Ganong. F. William, "Review of Medical Physiology", 15th Edition, Prentice Hall International Inc., Appleton and Lange.
- 9. Guyton and Hall, "Textbook of Medical Physiology," 9 th Edition, A Prism2. Indian Edn. Pvt. Ltd.
- 10.T Clenister and Jean Rosy (1974). "Anatomy and Physiology for Nurses" 2 nd Edition, William Hernmarni Medical BK. Ltd.

S	scheme of Internal Assessment of theo				
Sr.	Theory	Quantity	Marks	Round	Final
No				off	Round off
					IA
1.	Class Test I 50 marks				Out of 15
2.	Class Test II	75	30		
			Marks		
3.	Written Assignment	2	50	10	
4.	Seminar/Microteaching/individual presentation	2	50	12	Out of 10
5.	Group project/Work/Report	1	50	6	
6.	Attendance	(95-100%: 2 r 1.5 marks, 85 80-84: 0.5 mark	-89: 1 mark,	2	
(Marl	ks of each component to be roun				
colum	nns marks and the final IA need to l				
(15+1	0).				

APPLIED SOCIOLOGY

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER
THEORY: 3 Credits (60 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable the students to develop understanding about basic concepts of sociologyand its application in personal and community life, health, illness and nursing.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify the scope and significance of sociology in nursing.
- 2. Apply the knowledge of social structure and different culture in a society in identifying social needs of sick clients.
- 3. Identify the impact of culture on health and illness.
- 4. Develop understanding about types of family, marriage and its legislation.
- 5. Identify different types of caste, class, social change and its influence on health and health practices.
- 6. Develop understanding about social organization and disorganization and social problems in India.
- 7. Integrate the knowledge of clinical sociology and its uses in crisis intervention.

COURSE OUTLINE

T - Theory

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I		Describe the scope and significance of sociology in nursing	 Introduction Definition, nature and scope of sociology Significance of sociology in nursing 	Lecture Discussion	EssayShort answer
п	15 (T)	Groups, processes of Socialization, social change and its importance	 Social structure Basic concept of society, community, association and institution Individual and society Personal disorganization Social group – meaning, characteristics, and classification. Social processes – definition and forms, Cooperation, competition, conflict, accommodation, assimilation, isolation Socialization – characteristics, process, agencies of socialization Social change – nature, process, and role of nurse 	Lecture cum Discussion	EssayShort answerObjective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
III	8 (T)	Describe culture and its impact on health and disease	 Structure and characteristics of urban, rural and tribal community. Major health problems in urban, rural and tribal communities Importance of social structure in nursing profession Culture Nature, characteristic and evolution of culture 	Lecture Panel discussion	• Essay • Short answer
			 Diversity and uniformity of culture Difference between culture and civilization Culture and socialization Transcultural society Culture, Modernization and its impact on health and disease 	discussion	
IV	8 (T)	Explain family, marriage and legislation related to marriage	 Family and Marriage Family – characteristics, basic need, types and functions of family Marriage – forms of marriage, social custom relating to marriage and importance of marriage Legislation on Indian marriage and family. Influence of marriage and family on health and health practices 	• Lecture	EssayShort answerCase study report
V	8 (T)	Explain different types of caste and classes in society and its influence on health	 Social stratification Introduction – Characteristics & forms of stratification Function of stratification Indian caste system – origin and characteristics Positive and negative impact of caste in society. Class system and status Social mobility-meaning and types Race – concept, criteria of racial classification Influence of class, caste and race system on health. 	Lecture Panel discussion	EssayShort answerObjective type
VI	15 (T)	Explain social organization, disorganization, social problems and role of nurse in reducing social problems	 Social organization and disorganization Social organization – meaning, elements and types Voluntary associations Social system – definition, types, role and status as structural element of social system. Interrelationship of institutions Social control – meaning, aims and process of social control 	LectureGroup discussionObservational visit	EssayShort answerObjective typeVisit report

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Social norms, moral and values Social disorganization – definition, causes, Control and planning Major social problems – poverty, housing, food supplies, illiteracy, prostitution, dowry, Child labour, child abuse, delinquency, crime, substance abuse, HIV/AIDS, COVID-19 Vulnerable group – elderly, handicapped, minority and other marginal group. Fundamental rights of individual, women and children Role of nurse in reducing social problem and enhance coping Social welfare programs in India 		
VII	5 (T)	Explain clinical sociology and its application in the hospital and community	 Clinical sociology Introduction to clinical sociology Sociological strategies for developing services for the abused Use of clinical sociology in crisis intervention 	Lecture,Group discussionRole play	EssayShort answer

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- 2. R.K.Manelkar, Sociology for Nurses, Sivosankar T.P., Vora Medical Publications
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- 4. Ashok N.Patel, S.S.Hooda, Sociology
- 5. Dr.N.H.Groenman, Dr.O D'aslevin, M A Bockenham, Social and Behvioural sciences for Nurses, 1st edition, Campanion Press Ltd.
- 6. Dr.Ajithkumar Sinha, Principles of Sociology, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal educational publishers
- 7. T.B.Bottomore, Sociology A guide to problem and literature, 2nd edition, Blockie & Sons Publishers Pvt. Ltd.

5	Scheme of Internal Assessment of th	neory out of 25	marks		
Sr.	Theory	Quantity	Marks	Round	Final
No				off	Round off
					IA
1.	Class Test I		50 marks	30	Out of 15
2.	Class Test II		75	30	
			Marks		
3.	Written Assignment	2	50	10	
4.	Seminar/Microteaching/individual presentation	2	50	12	Out of 10
5.	Group project/Work/Report	1	50	6	
6	Attendance		marks, 90-94: 5-89: 1 mark, rk, <80: 0)	2	
(Mar	ks of each component to be ro				
colun	nns marks and the final IA need t				
(15+1	10).				

APPLIED PSYCHOLOGY

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER
THEORY: 3 Credits (60 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable the students to develop understanding about basic concepts of psychology and its application in personal and community life, health, illness and nursing. It further provides students opportunity to recognize the significance and application of soft skills and self-empowerment in the practice of nursing.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify the importance of psychology in individual and professional life.
- 2. Develop understanding of the biological and psychological basis of human behaviour.
- 3. Identify the role of nurse in promoting mental health and dealing with altered personality.
- 4. Perform the role of nurses applicable to the psychology of different age groups.
- 5. Identify the cognitive and affective needs of clients.
- 6. Integrate the principles of motivation and emotion in performing the role of nurse in caring for emotionally sick client.
- 7. Demonstrate basic understanding of psychological assessment and nurse's role.
- 8. Apply the knowledge of soft skills in workplace and society.
- 9. Apply the knowledge of self-empowerment in workplace, society and personal life.

COURSE OUTLINE

T - Theory

			T – Theory	T	1
Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	2 (T)	Describe scope, branches and significance of psychology in nursing	 Introduction Meaning of Psychology Development of psychology – Scope, branches and methods of psychology Relationship with other subjects Significance of psychology in nursing Applied psychology to solve everyday issues 	• Lecture cum Discussion	EssayShort answer
II		Describe biology of human behaviour	 Biological basis of behavior –Introduction Body mind relationship Genetics and behaviour Inheritance of behaviour Brain and behaviour. Psychology and sensation – sensory process – normal and abnormal 	LectureDiscussion	EssayShort answer

III	5 (T)	Describe mentally	Mental health and mental hygiene	• Lecture	• Essay
		healthy person and defense mechanisms	Concept of mental health and mental hygiene	Case discussionRole play	Short answerObjective type
			Characteristic of mentally healthy person	Role play	objective type
			Warning signs of poor mental health		
			Promotive and preventive mental health strategies and services		
			Defense mechanism and its implication		
			• Frustration and conflict – types of conflicts and measurements to overcome		
			Role of nurse in reducing frustration and conflict and enhancing coping		
			Dealing with ego		
IV	7 (T)	Describe	Developmental psychology	• Lecture	• Essay
		psychology of people in different	Physical, psychosocial and cognitive	• Group	Short answer
	ĺ	age groups and role of nurse	development across life span – Prenatal through early childhood, middle to late childhood through adolescence, early and mid-adulthood, late adulthood, death and dying	• discussion	
			Role of nurse in supporting normal growth and development across the life span		
			Psychological needs of various groups in health and sickness – Infancy, childhood, adolescence, adulthood and older adult		
			Introduction to child psychology and role of nurse in meeting the psychological needs of		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 children Psychology of vulnerable individuals – challenged, women, sick etc. Role of nurse with vulnerable groups 		
V		Explain personality and role of nurse in identification and improvement in altered personality	 Personality Meaning, definition of personality Classification of personality Measurement and evaluation of personality – Introduction Alteration in personality Role of nurse in identification of individual personality and improvement in altered personality 	LectureDiscussionDemonstration	Essay and short answerObjective type

VI	16 (T)	Explain cognitive process and their applications	 Cognitive process Attention – definition, types, determinants, duration, degree and alteration in attention Perception – Meaning of Perception, principles, factor affecting perception, Intelligence – Meaning of intelligence – Effect of heredity and environment in intelligence, classification, Introduction to measurement of intelligence tests – Mental deficiencies Learning – Definition of learning, types of learning, Factors influencing learning – Learning process, Habit formation Memory-meaning and nature of memory, factors influencing memory, methods to improve memory, forgetting Thinking – types, level, reasoning and problem solving. Aptitude – concept, types, individual differences and variability Psychometric assessment of cognitive processes – Introduction Alteration in cognitive processes 	• Lecture • Discussion	 Essay and short answer Objective type
VII	6 (T)	Describe motivation, emotion, attitude and role of nurse in emotionally sick client	Motivation and emotional processes Motivation – meaning, concept, types, theories of motivation, motivation cycle, biological and special motives Emotions – Meaning of emotions, development of emotions, alteration of emotion, emotions in sickness – handling emotions in self and other Stress and adaptation – stress, stressor, cycle, effect, adaptation and coping	Lecture Group discussion	 Essay and short answer Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Attitudes – Meaning of attitudes, nature, factor affecting attitude, attitudinal change, Role of attitude in health and sickness Psychometric assessment of emotions and attitude – Introduction Role of nurse in caring for emotionally sick client 		

IX		Explain psychological assessment and tests and role of nurse Explain concept of soft skill and its application in work place and society	Psychological assessment and tests – introduction Types, development, characteristics, principles, uses, interpretation Role of nurse in psychological assessment Application of soft skill Concept of soft skill – visual, aural and communication skill Types of soft skill – visual, aural and communication skill The way of communication Building relationship with client and society Interpersonal Relationships (IPR): Definition, Types, and Purposes, Interpersonal skills, Barriers, Strategies to overcome barriers Survival strategies – managing time, coping stress, resilience, work – life balance Applying soft skill to workplace and society – Presentation skills, social etiquette, telephone etiquette, motivational skills, teamwork etc.	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Lecture Group discussion Role play Refer/Complete Soft skills module 	Short answer Assessment of practice Essay and short answer
			• Use of soft skill in nursing		
X	2 (T)	Explain self- empowerment	 Self-empowerment Dimensions of self-empowerment Self-empowerment development Importance of women's empowerment in society Professional etiquette and personal grooming Role of nurse in empowering others 	LectureDiscussion	Short answerObjective type

Bibilography:

- 1. Bhcetic B. D. & Craig M : Element of psychology and mental hygien for Nurses, Chennai. Orient Longmal.
- 2. Dodge Fernald and Peter S. Fernald, Introduction to Psychology, 5 edition, AITBS, 2004.
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Ltd,9th ed. 2005

- 6. Second course in Psycholog, Higher secondary std. XI K.T. Basantani, Sheth publishers Pvt. Ltd,8th ed. 2005
- 7. Hurlock E : Development psychology : Tata MC grow Hill Book Co.

Sr.	Scheme of Internal Assessment of the Theory	Quantity	Marks	Round	Final
No				off	Round off
					IA
1.	Class Test I	1	50 marks	30	Out of 15
2.	Class Test II		75	30	-
			Marks		
3.	Written Assignment	2	50	10	
4.	Seminar/Microteaching/individual presentation	2	50	12	Out of 10
5.	Group project/Work/Report	1	50	6	
6	Attendance	,	marks, 90-94: 5-89: 1 mark, rk, <80: 0)	2	
(Mar	ks of each component to be ro				
colur	nns marks and the final IA need t				
(15+2	10)				

NURSING FOUNDATION - I (including First Aid module)

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER
THEORY: 6 Credits (120 hours)

PRACTICUM: Skill Lab: 2 Credits (80 hours) and Clinical: 2 Credits (160 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help novice nursing students develop knowledge and competencies required toprovide evidence-based, comprehensive basic nursing care for adult patients, using nursing process approach.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Develop understanding about the concept of health, illness and scope of nursing within health care services.
- 2. Apply values, code of ethics and professional conduct in professional life.
- 3. Apply the principles and methods of effective communication in establishing communication links with patients, families and other health team members.
- 4. Develop skill in recording and reporting.
- 5. Demonstrate competency in monitoring and documenting vital signs.
- 6. Describe the fundamental principles and techniques of infection control and biomedical waste management.
- 7. Identify and meet the comfort needs of the patients.
- 8. Perform admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient under supervision applying the knowledge.
- 9. Demonstrate understanding and application of knowledge in caring for patients with restricted mobility.
- 10. Perform first aid measures during emergencies.
- 11. Identify the educational needs of patients and demonstrate basic skills of patient education.

*Mandatory Module used in Teaching/Learning:

First Aid: 40 Hours (including Basic CPR)

COURSE OUTLINE

T - Theory, SL - Skill Lab

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teahing/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I		concept of health and illness		Discussion	Essay Short answer Objective type

II	5 (T)	Describe the levels	Health Care Delivery Systems –	• Lecture	• Essay
	` ′	of illness prevention and care,	Introduction of Basic Concepts &	• Discussion	• Short answer
		health care services	Meanings		 Objective
			 Levels of Illness Prevention – Primary (Health Promotion), Secondary and Tertiary 		type
			 Levels of Care – Primary, Secondary and Tertiary 		
			 Types of health care agencies/ services – Hospitals, clinics, Hospice, rehabilitation centres, extended care facilities 		
			 Hospitals – Types, Organization and Functions 		
			Health care teams in hospitals – members and their role		
III	12 (T)	Trace the history of Nursing	History of Nursing and Nursing as a profession	• Lecture	• Essay
		C	History of Nursing, History of Nursing	• Discussion	Short answers
		Explain the	in India	Case discussion	• Objective type
		concept, nature and	• Contributions of Florence Nightingale	Role plays	type
		Describe values, code of ethics and	 Nursing – Definition – Nurse, Nursing, Concepts, philosophy, objectives, Characteristics, nature and Scope of Nursing/ Nursing practice, Functions of nurse, Qualities 		
		professional conduct for nurses in India	of a nurse, Categories of nursing personnel		
			 Nursing as a profession – definition and characteristics/criteria of profession 		
			 Values – Introduction – meaning and importance 		
	0.000		Code of ethics and professional conduct for nurses – Introduction		
IV	8 (T) 3 (SL)	Describe the process, principles,	Communication and Nurse Patient Relationship	• Lecture	• Essay
		and types of communication	• Communication – Levels, Elements and Process, Types, Modes, Factors influencing communication	 Discussion Role play and video film on Therapeutic Communication 	Short answerObjective type
		Explain therapeutic, non-therapeutic and professional communication	 Methods of effective communication/therapeu tic communication techniques 		
		Communicate effectively with	Barriers to effective communication/non- therapeutic communication techniques		
		patients, their families and team	Professional communication		
		members	 Helping Relationships (Nurse Patient Relationship) – Purposes and Phases 		
			• Communicating effectively with patient, families and team members		
			Maintaining effective human relations and communication with vulnerable		

		groups (children, women, physically and mentally challenged and elderly)		
V 4 (T) 2 (SL)	Describe the purposes, types and techniques of recording and reporting Maintain records and reports accurately	Documentation and Reporting Documentation – Purposes of Reports and Records Confidentiality Types of Client records/Common Record- keeping forms Methods/Systems of documentation/Recording Guidelines for documentation Do's and Don'ts of documentation/Legal guidelines for Documentation/Recording Reporting – Change of shift reports, Transfer reports, Incident reports	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration 	EssayShort answerObjective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
VI	15 (T)	Describe principles	Vital signs	• Lecture	• Essay
	20	and techniques of monitoring and	Guidelines for taking vital signs	• Discussion	Short answer
	(SL)	maintaining vital signs	Body temperature –	• Demonstration &	• Objective
		315113	 Definition, Physiology, Regulation, Factors affecting body temperature 	Re-demonstration	typeDocument the
			 Assessment of body temperature – sites, equipment and technique 		given values of
			 Temperature alterations – Hyperthermia, Heat Cramps, Heat Exhaustion, Heatstroke, Hypothermia 		temperature, pulse, and respiration in the graphic
			 Fever/Pyrexia – Definition, Causes, Stages, Types 		sheet OSCE
			Nursing Management		OBCL
			 Hot and Cold applications 		
			• Pulse:		
			 Definition, Physiology and Regulation, Characteristics, Factors affecting pulse 		
		Assess and record	Assessment of pulse – sites, equipment and technique		
		vital signs accurately	o Alterations in pulse		
			• Respiration:		
			 Definition, Physiology and Regulation, Mechanics of breathing, Characteristics, Factors affecting respiration 		
			Assessment of respirations – technique		
			 Arterial Oxygen saturation Alterations in respiration		
			• Blood pressure:		
			Definition, Physiology and Regulation, Characteristics, Factors affecting BP		
			Assessment of BP – sites, equipment and technique, Common Errors in BP Assessment		
			Alterations in Blood Pressure		
			Documenting Vital Signs		
VII	3 (T)	Maintain equipment	Equipment and Linen		
		and linen	• Types – Disposables and reusable		
			 Linen, rubber goods, glassware, metal, plastics, furniture 		
			• Introduction – Indent, maintenance, Inventory		
		<u> </u>	<u>I</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
VIII	10 (T)	Describe the basic principles and	Introduction to Infection Control in Clinical setting Infection	• Lecture	• Essay
	3 (SL)	techniques of infection control	Nature of infection	• Discussion	• Short answer
		and biomedical	Chain of infection	Demonstration	• Objective type
		waste management	Types of infection	Observation of autoclaving and	5) P 0
			Stages of infection	other sterilization	
			• Factors increasing susceptibility to	techniques	
			infection	• Video presentation on medical &	
			Body defenses against infection – Inflammatory response & Immune response	surgical asepsis	
			Health care associated infection (Nosocomial infection)		
			Introductory concept of Asepsis – Medical & Surgical asepsis		
			Precautions		
			Hand Hygiene		
			• (Hand washing and use of hand Rub)		
			Use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)		
			Standard precautions		
			Biomedical Waste management		
			Types of hospital waste, waste segregation and hazards – Introduction		
IX	15 (T)	Identify and meet	Comfort, Rest & Sleep and Pain	• Lecture	• Essay
	15	the comfort needs of the patients	Comfort	• Discussion	• Short answer
	(SL)		o Factors Influencing Comfort	Demonstration &	Objective
			 Types of beds including latest beds, purposes & bed making 	Re-demonstration	type • OSCE
			o Therapeutic positions		
			○ Comfort devices		
			Sleep and Rest		
			o Physiology of sleep		
			Factors affecting sleep		
			o Promoting Rest and sleep		
			o Sleep Disorders		
			• Pain (Discomfort)		
			O Physiology Common course of pain		
			Common cause of pain Types		
			O Types O Assessment – pain scales and narcotic scales		
			 Pharmacological and Non- pharmacological pain relieving measures – Use of narcotics, TENS 		

	1		T		
			devices, PCA		
			Invasive techniques of pain management		
			Any other newer measures		
			o CAM (Complementary & Alternative healing Modalities)		
X	5 (T) 3 (SL)	Describe the concept of patient environment	Promoting Safety in Health Care Environment • Physical environment – Temperature, Humidity, Noise, Ventilation, Light,	LectureDiscussionDemonstration	EssayShort answerObjective
			• Reduction of Physical hazards – fire, accidents		type
			• Fall Risk Assessment		
			Role of nurse in providing safe and clean environment		
			• Safety devices –		
			 Restraints – Types, Purposes, Indications, Legal Implications and Consent, Application of Restraints- Skill and Practice guidelines 		
			 Other Safety Devices – Side rails, Grab bars, Ambu alarms, non-skid slippers etc. 		

XI	6 (T)	Explain and perform	Hospital Admission and discharge	• Lecture	• Essay
	2 (SL)	admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient	Admission to the hospital Unit and preparation of unit	Discussion	• Short answer
		.	o Admission bed	Demonstration	Objective type
			o Admission procedure		
			o Medico-legal issues		
			o Roles and Responsibilities of the nurse		
			Discharge from the hospital		
			 Types – Planned discharge, LAMA and Abscond, Referrals and transfers 		
			 Discharge Planning 		
			Discharge procedure		
			o Medico-legal issues		
			o Roles and Responsibilities of the nurse		
			 Care of the unit after discharge 		
	0.000				
XII	8 (T)	Demonstrate skill in caring for patients	Mobility and Immobility	• Lecture	• Essay
	10 (SL)	with restricted	• Elements of Normal Movement, Alignment & Posture, Joint Mobility,	• Discussion	Short answer
	(SL)	mobility	Balance, Coordinated Movement	• Demonstration &	Objective

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Principles of body mechanics Factors affecting Body Alignment and activity Exercise – Types and benefits Effects of Immobility Maintenance of normal Body Alignment and Activity Alteration in Body Alignment and mobility Nursing interventions for impaired Body Alignment and Mobility – assessment, types, devices used, method Range of motion exercises Muscle strengthening exercises Maintaining body alignment – positions Moving Lifting Transferring Walking Assisting clients with ambulation Care of patients with Immobility using Nursing process approach Care of patients with casts and splints 	Re-demonstration	type • OSCE
XIII	4 (T) 2 (SL) 20 (T) 20 (SL)	Describe the principles and practice of patient education Explain and apply principles of First Aid during emergencies	Patient education Patient Teaching – Importance, Purposes, Process Integrating nursing process in patient teaching First Aid* Definition, Basic Principles, Scope & Rules First Aid Management Wounds, Hemorrhage & Shock	 Discussion Role plays Lecture Discussion Demonstration & Re-demonstration 	 Essay Short answer Objective type Essay Short answer Objective type
			 Musculoskeletal Injuries – Fractures, Dislocation, Muscle injuries Transportation of Injured persons Respiratory Emergencies & Basic CPR Unconsciousness Foreign Bodies – Skin, Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat & Stomach Burns & Scalds Poisoning, Bites & Stings Frostbite & Effects of Heat Community Emergencies 	Module completion National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) / Indian Red Cross Society (IRCS) First Aid module	• OSCE

CLINICAL PRACTICUM

Clinical Practicum: 2 Credits (160 hours), 10 weeks \times 16 hours per week

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the clinical practicum, the students will be able to

- 1. Maintain effective human relations (projecting professional image)
- 2. Communicate effectively with patient, families and team members
- 3. Demonstrate skills in techniques of recording and reporting
- 4. Demonstrate skill in monitoring vital signs
- 5. Care for patients with altered vital signs
- 6. Demonstrate skill in implementing standard precautions and use of PPE
- 7. Demonstrate skill in meeting the comfort needs of the patients
- 8. Provide safe and clean environment
- 9. Demonstrate skill in admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient
- 10. Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility
- 11. Plan and provide appropriate health teaching following the principles
- 12. Acquire skills in assessing and performing First Aid during emergencies.

SKILL LAB

Use of Mannequins and Simulators

S.No.	Competencies	Mode of Teaching
1.	Therapeutic Communication and Documentation	Role Play
2.	Vital signs	Simulator/Standardized patient
3.	Medical and Surgical Asepsis	Videos/Mannequin
4.	Pain Assessment	Standardized patient
5.	Comfort Devices	Mannequin
6.	Therapeutic Positions	Mannequin
7.	Physical Restraints and Side rails	Mannequin
8.	ROM Exercises	Standardized patient
9.	Ambulation	Standardized patient
10.	Moving and Turning patients in bed	Mannequin
11.	Changing position of helpless patients	Mannequin/Standardized patient
12.	Transferring patients bed to stretcher/wheel chair	Mannequin/Standardized patient
13.	Admission, Transfer, Discharge & Health Teaching	Role Play

${\bf CLINICAL\ POSTINGS-General\ Medical/Surgical\ Wards}$

10 weeks \times 16 hours/week = 160 Hours

Clinical Unit	Duration (in Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills (Supervised Clinical Practice)	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
General Medical/ Surgical wards	2	Maintain effective human relations (projecting professional image)	Communication and Nurse patient relationship • Maintaining Communication with patient and family and interpersonal relationship		• OSCE
		Communicate effectively with patient, families and team members	 Documentation and Reporting Documenting patient care and procedures Verbal report 		
		Demonstrate skills in techniques of recording and reporting	○ Written report		
	2	Demonstrate skill in monitoring vital signs	Vital signsMonitor/measure and document vital signs in a graphic sheet	• Care of patients with alterations in vital signs- 1	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
		Care for patients with altered vital signs	 Temperature (oral, tympanic, axillary) Pulse (Apical and peripheral pulses) 		OSCE
		Demonstrate skill in implementing standard precautions and use of PPE	 Respiration Blood pressure Pulse oximetry		
			 Interpret and report alteration Cold Applications – Cold Compress, Ice cap, Tepid Sponging 		
			Care of equipment – thermometer, BP apparatus, Stethoscope, Pulse oximeter Infection control in Clinical		
			settings • Hand hygiene		
	3	Demonstrate skill in meeting the comfort	• Use of PPE Comfort, Rest & Sleep, Pain and Promoting Safety in Health Care		Assessment of clinical skills
		needs of the patients	Environment Comfort, Rest & Sleep Bed making-		using checklistOSCE
			○ Open○ Closed		
			OccupiedPost-operative		

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o Moving		mobility	• Assist patient in:		• OSCE
			o Moving		

Clinical Unit	Duration (in Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills (Supervised Clinical Practice)	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
		Plan and provide appropriate health teaching following the principles	 Turning Logrolling Changing position of helpless patient Transferring (Bed to and from chair/wheelchair/ stretcher) Patient education 		
	1				
		assessing and performing First Aid during emergencies	 Bandaging Techniques Basic Bandages: Circular Spiral Reverse-Spiral Recurrent Figure of Eight Special Bandages: Caplin 	Module completion National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) First Aid module (To complete it in clinicals if not completed during lab)	Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE (first aid competencies)

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S	cheme of Internal Assessment of the				
Sr.	Theory	Quantity	Marks	Round	Final
No				off	Round off
					IA
1.	Class Test I		50 marks	30	Out of 15
2.	Class Test II		75	30	
			Marks		
3.	Written Assignment	2	50	10	
4.	Seminar/Microteaching/individual presentation	2	50	12	Out of 10
5.	Group project/Work/Report	1	50	6	
6	Attendance	2			
(Marl	ks of each component to be rou				
colum	nns marks and the final IA need to				
(15+1	0).				

Scheme	of Internal Assessi	ment of Practical -	out of 25 marks		
Sr. No	Theory	Quantity	Marks	Round off	Final Round off for IA
1.	Clinical	1			
	Assignments: -	1	3		
	1 Clinical	1	2	10	
	Presentation		_	10	
	2 Drug	1	5		
	presentation &				
	report				
	3 Case study				Total=30/3=10
	Report				
2	Completion of	1	50	3	
	Procedure and				
	Clinical				
	performance				Round off to 10
3	Continuous	1	100	10	
	evaluation of				
	clinical				
	performance				
4	Attendance	(95-100%: 2 mar)	ks, 90-94: 1.5	2	
		marks, 85-89: 1 n	nark, 80-84: 0.5		
		mark, <80: 0)	•		
5.	End of Posting	, ,		5	
	OSCE				

Sessiona	l Examin	ations = 15 ma	arks		
Sr. No	Theory	Quantity	Marks	Round	Final Round off for
				off	IA
1.	OSCE	1	50	10	
2.	DOP	1	50	20	Total=30/2=15
	Total		100		
Total 100 (Marks of each component to be rounded of the respective columns marks and the final IA need to be calculated out of 25 (15+10).					Round off to 15